

Designed by Susannah Thomson with contributions from the SMIRA team, Maggie Johnson & Alison Wintgens © SMIRA 2018. SMIRA is a UK Registered Charity No.1022673 www.selectivemutism.org.uk What does SM therapy involve?

SM therapy for children (in the UK) generally involves:

- 1. Education for home and school.
- 2. Altering adult responses and behaviours towards the child at home, school and other familiar settings.
- **3.** Talking to the child about SM and involving them as much as possible.
- 4. Intervention carried out in regular (ideally 3x weekly) sessions in school by parent (or someone the child can talk freely with) and school keyworker until child can talk confidently to keyworker, so that parent can withdraw from sessions. This should not take months provided the sessions are consistent and regular. Sessions following the SMRM2.
- 5. Parents working on small steps for speaking to people outside school.
- 6. Planned increased opportunities to become able to speak in more places to more people, (generalisation).

SM therapy for adults involves a tailor-made programme devised by the adult and therapist together, or following advice from the SMRM2.

It tends to be based on what they want to achieve.

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The information in these pages is based on UK approaches to SM. See this page on the website for International SM groups. http://www.selectivemutism.org.uk/info-smira-internationalcontacts-list/

> SM can be considered fully managed once the person can have conversations with anyone freely and without anxiety

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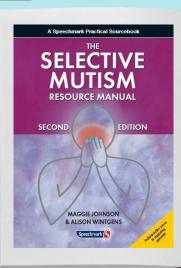


You can learn online, from the UK registered charity SMiRA www.selectivemutism.org.uk

SMiRA also runs an excellent closed Facebook group. Join us there. www.facebook.com/groups/SMIRASelectiveMutism

"Selective mutism is a severe anxiety disorder where a person is unable to speak in certain social situations, such as with classmates at school or to relatives they don't see very often." NHS Choices

www.nhs.uk/conditions/selective-mutism



"The Selective Mutism Resource Manual 2nd Ed" (2016) by Maggie Johnson and Alison Wintgens. This excellent book has everything you ever wanted to know about SM and how to resolve it. It may seem expensive but it is worth the money and has an extra 200+ pages online. Available at online bookshops, (see link on SMIRA website).



Glossary on

Page 4

"Can I Tell You About Selective Mutism?" (2012) by Maggie Johnson and Alison Wintgens. This little book is a brilliant introduction to SM for parents, teachers and children. Available at online bookshops, (see link on SMIRA website).



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SM Information

You don't need to wait for formal diagnosis, Education or NHS help. There is a lot you can do yourselves at home with good information and online advice.

Tips for Children:

- Have a family bravery chart.
- Talk about everyone's fears and scale them 1-10.
- Have lots of supported Playdates

SM affects around 1 in 140 children. (For comparison Autism affects around 1 in 80.)

It is best to treat SM where it occurs.

Not all NHS SLT or CAMHS services are funded to treat SM yet. SM can be treated successfully.

Someone with SM will not just grow out of it, but they can be helped to work through it.

GPs etc. may need to use the NICE Guidance for Social Anxiety Disorder as there is not yet any Guidance specifically for SM

Treating SM requires knowledge of SM that can be gained through training or following "The Selective Mutism Resource Manual"

Learn about how anxiety affects the body

Set yourself small challenges, reward

Acknowledge the changes you make.

If untreated SM can persist into adulthood. There is likely to be less NHS support for

adults, than for children.

yourself.

Tips for Adults who have SM:

SM should be identified by schools and colleges as a Communication and Interaction need within their SEN support system. An EHCP may be indicated, and may have funding attached up to age 25, if the person has unmet educational targets. At university support can be arranged through their Inclusion Officer and funding may be available from their Disabled Student Allowance.

As well as NHS and Education services, there are also private SM-trained therapists who can offer good support.

Avoiding things that make you feel anxious, reinforces anxiety.

Glossary

SM – Selective Mutism NHS – National Health Service (UK) LA – Local (Education) Authority CAMHS – Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service SLT – Speech and Language Therapist NICE – National Institute for Health and Care Excellence IAPT – Improving Access to Psychological Therapies EP – Educational Psychologist SMIRA – Selective Mutism Information and Research Mind – UK mental health charity (self-referring) SENCo - Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator Association DLA – Disability Living Allowance EHCP – Education, Health & Care Plan PIP – Personal Independence Payment SMRM2 – Selective Mutism Resourve Manual. 2nd Edition

While school is a primary source of anxiety causing SM, school is not the only environment where someone can have difficulty speaking.

People with SM may qualify for DLA (under 16) or PIP (over 16)..

No two people with SM show the same symptoms in the same situations.

The anxiety associated with speaking is as high whether the person is unable to speak at all in a situation, or can manage to answer if they "have to".

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